

Very high grade, and of low and medium grade, both of heavy weight. Although these duties do not increase prices of domestic goods by anything like their full amount, it is none the less true that such prohibitive duties eliminate the possibility of foreign competition, even in time of scarcity, that they form a temptation to monopoly and conspire to control domestic prices; that they are much in excess of the difference in cost of production here and abroad, and that they should be reduced to a point which accords with this principle.

Report in Several Weeks.
Congress will actively begin consideration of the tariff legislation in the committees of the two houses immediately after the holiday recess, though Democratic leaders of the House, the tariff-originating body, say that no measure would be ready to report for some weeks.

Republican Leader Penrose, of the Senate, said the Finance Committee would begin its work in advance of the House, while Democratic Leader Underwood declared the bill would not be reported until after the report of the tariff-originating body, say that no measure would be ready to report for some weeks.

Senator Penrose announced that he hoped the Republican Senators would be able to formulate a bill to comply with the tariff board's views. Representative Underwood said the President's message really pointed out the necessity of a great reduction in wool rates, and that he had no doubt the House would carry out the suggestion made.

"The President in his message," said Mr. Underwood, "favors placing a specific duty on scoured wool as a basis for importation of raw wool, instead of placing a duty on raw wool and then increasing the duty on scoured wool. If the committee should adopt a specific rate for raw wool there might be much in the President's argument, but I have no doubt the committee will exact an ad valorem instead of a specific duty."

Democratic Justices.
"The President advocates an ad valorem duty on manufacturers of wool. In the bill passed last year the rates were ad valorem based on import valuations, in contrast to the compound, specific and ad valorem rates now exacted in the Payne-Aldrich law. The President says the present duties on wool and woolen manufactures in many instances are prohibitive. I have no doubt the Ways and Means Committee will agree with him as to the necessity of a reduction. The message clearly justifies the Democratic members in passing the wool bill last year that he vetoed."

Representative Dabell, of Pennsylvania, Republican leader on the Ways and Means Committee, said the message clearly showed why it is necessary to have wool legislation other than that proposed by the Democrats at the last session of Congress.

"I am sure," said Senator Penrose, "that we shall have a better bill than the wool bill which was passed during the extra session. The Finance Committee will take up the subject immediately after the holidays, but whether it will be possible to bring the Democratic House to the acceptance of such a bill as we might formulate I cannot undertake to say."

Senator Martin, of Virginia, Demo-

Kris Kringle, Kris Kringle;
When his bells jingle,
You'll wonder what he's brought:
A Smoking Coat, nobby?
Neat Slippers—my hobby—
Things from Berry's bought.



Our Christmas tree is blooming with every kind of blooming head piece from an "88 shiner" to a dollar-ninety "splasher," from a \$5 Derby to a \$1.85 fuzzy-wuzzy.

A lot of other things on our Christmas tree that would decorate yours.

Check them off:

House Coats, \$5 to \$20.
Bath Robes, \$2.50 to \$20.
Suit Cases, \$5 to \$25.
Traveling Bags, \$3.50 to \$40.
Umbrellas, \$3.50 to \$12.50.

Flasks,
Military Brushes,
Trump Markers,
Cigarette Cases,
Comb and Brush Sets,
Playing Cards in Sets,
Thermos Bottles,
Silk Hat Boxes,
Suspenders Sets,
Jewelry Sets,
Toilet Bottles,
Soap Dishes,
Smoking Lamps,
Smoking Sets,
Manicure Sets,
Leather Book Cigar Cases,
Traveling Medicine Cases,
Collar Pouches,
Toilet Rolls,
Safety Razors,
Shaving Mirrors,
Walking Sticks,
Umbrellas,
Hercules Exerciser,
Nuffie,
Tobacco Boxes,
Fur-Lined Gloves, Silk and Opera Hats, Knitted Silk Mufflers, Caddy Bags, Steamer and Motor Rugs and Robes, Dressing Robes, Hunting Suits, Riding Suits, Slippers, Hunting Shoes, Motoring Gauntlets, Motoring Caps, Crops, etc.

Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, Republican leader on the Ways and Means Committee, said the message clearly showed why it is necessary to have wool legislation other than that proposed by the Democrats at the last session of Congress.

"I am sure," said Senator Penrose, "that we shall have a better bill than the wool bill which was passed during the extra session. The Finance Committee will take up the subject immediately after the holidays, but whether it will be possible to bring the Democratic House to the acceptance of such a bill as we might formulate I cannot undertake to say."

Senator Martin, of Virginia, Demo-

In England or France. The present system of fixing the same ad valorem rate of duty on different grades of fabric is condemned as unfair.

The board holds a fair solution would be the adoption of a graduated scale, under which the ad valorem rate properly assessed on goods of low value should then increase progressively, according to slight increments of value, up to whatever maximum rate should be fixed.

The board's figures would seem to show that the "prohibitive duties" do not affect the American consumer as much as would be inferred by the use of those words. While the duties on sixteen samples of foreign cloths selected by the board average 184 per cent, the actual excess of the domestic price over the foreign price was found to be 67 per cent, as the result of domestic competition.

At the present time the industry in general is on a competitive basis," says the report.

The cost of a suit of clothes from the back of a sheep to the back of a man is computed in the report, and the profits which accrue in the process are traced to their sources. For purposes of computation, the board takes a suit of clothes retailing at \$23 and wholesaling at \$16.50. This is said to represent fairly the suit of clothes worn by the average American.

The farmer receives for the wool in such a suit \$2.23, and his profit is 68 cents; the manufacturer of cloth receives for his product \$4.78, and his profit is 23 cents; the wholesale clothing dealer receives for his product \$16.50, and his profit is \$2.18; the retail clothing dealer receives \$23, and his profit is \$7.50. The figures are approximate.

Extracts From Report.
"The result of the raw wool investigation, established the fact that it costs more to grow wool in the United States than in any other country; that the merino wools required in such great volume by our mills are the most expensive of all wools produced; that the highest average cost of production of such wool in the world is in the State of Ohio and contiguous territory, and that the lowest average cost on similar wool is in Australia."

"It is not possible to state in exact terms the actual cost of producing a pound of wool, considered by itself, for the simple reason that wool is but one of two products of the same operation."

"That in the Western part of the United States, where about two-thirds of the sheep of the country are to be found, the cost of raising and shearing the sheep is about 11 cents per pound, including both line and coarse wools, the average charge against the clip is about 9 cents per pound."

"That in South America the corresponding charge is between 4 and 5 cents per pound."

"That taking Australia as a whole, it appears that a charge of a very few cents per pound lies against the great clips of that region in the aggregate. While the board cannot therefore undertake to name an exact figure in that case, it is certain that the Australian costs at large fall materially below the South American."

"The best method of determining the present method of levying the duties upon raw wool is defective in that it operates by reason of the varying shrinkages of the different kinds of wool, to prevent the importation of many heavy-weighted sorts, which, if imported, would add substantially to the stock of sound staple available for the manufacture of woolen fabrics."

"That there is no valid reason for the discrimination now exists as between the wools of Class I. (merino crossbred) and Class II. (English, medium and coarse), and that these two classes could properly be consolidated."

"That the present duty of 23 cents per pound on scoured wool is prohibitive, preventing effectually the importation of clean, low-priced foreign wools, and that the lower grades, that would be exceedingly useful in the manufacture of woolsens in this country, and is so used might displace in large measure the cheap substitutes now so frequently employed in that industry."

"That fact that such cheap wools are of such heavy weight that they cannot be imported in an unscoured state, emphasizes all the more the prohibitive character of the present scoured pound duty."

"That an ad valorem rate is open to give difficulties from the point of view of administration and revenue, in the case of a crude bulky commodity like wool, produced in many remote regions, and finding its way into the markets through so many various channels of trade."

"That furthermore an ad valorem rate gives a high duty per pound when prices are high, and a low duty when prices are low, which is a disadvantage to the consumer most needs relief, and the producer is most able to bear competition. With a low price of wool, the duty per pound would be low; that is, at the time when the consumer needs the most of competing wools and the producer is least able to bear competition."

"The rates of Schedule K are based upon the assumption that wools in the grease shrink an average of 66 2-3 per cent. While it is true that considerable quantities of wool do shrink, that amount, the average is well below that figure. Certain very heavy wools grown at the South African Cape and in certain districts of Australia, South America and the Western United States shrink as high as 70 to 75 per cent."

"Cost is Higher.
"The cost of manufacturing woolen and worsted yarn and cloth in the United States is much higher than in Europe. The main elements of cost of production are cost of plant, material and labor. The cost of erecting and equipping both woolen and worsted mills is much higher in this country than in England."

"The material is increased in price by the duty on raw wool. The manufacturer who imports his wool must pay the full amount of the duty. Wools grown in the United States are increased in value by the duty, but not by the full extent of the duty. Wages are much higher in the United States, but wages are in themselves no necessary indication of relative cost of production. Frequently it is found that high wages and low labor cost go together."

"It appears that this particular industry is one in which the high elements of cost in this country are not in general offset by any particular advantage or by any marked superiority in the efficiency of labor. To a certain extent, European countries have the advantage of us in this latter regard."

"It may be said then that, taking the industry as a whole, the American manufacturer has no advantage in efficiency of labor or in equipment over his foreign competitor. On certain specialties the largest and most efficient American mills are able by skillful organization materially to reduce the difference in cost."

"The investigation was begun in 1910, and has been pursued at home and abroad. In the United States experts and investigators visited 1,200 wool-grow-

If you do not
Buy a Piano or
Player-Piano in
the next

THREE DAYS
you will lose the
money saving
opportunity of a
lifetime—

BECAUSE:

The great combined Transfer
and Christmas Sale ends
December 23.

ALSO:

The discounts of 20 per cent.
to 60 per cent. will not apply
after that date.

THEREFORE:

Come to-day, make your purchase
and make sure of this
chance to save money.

The Corley Co.
SUCCESSORS CABLE PIANO CO.
213 E. Broad Street.

ers in nineteen States, and 173 counties. Special agents worked in Australia, South America, England and on the European Continent. Figures were gathered from mills also.

A large part of the report is devoted to wages, efficiency and employment. A large proportion of machinery was made abroad. Of the 35,000 employees in the industry in this country 63 per cent. were born in foreign countries and more than 82 per cent. had no previous experience in mechanical industry.

**HOUSE ACCEPTS
SENATE MEASURE**
(Continued From First Page.)

pressed in official circles for the decisive manner in which President Taft disposed of the matter, which might have resulted in undesirable complications. It is admitted that in addition to maintaining the best traditions of diplomacy, President Taft has done a great deal to ease the Russo-American relations. Notwithstanding the possibility of the future diplomatic and political circles appear to regard the present.

RICH GOLD STRIKE IN YUKON

Report of Find Creates Stampede to Sixty-Mile River.

Dawson, Yukon Territory, December 20.—A stampede to the head of Sixty-Mile River is in progress. The result of a rich gold strike there. The news was brought by John Matson, who told gold, worth nearly \$40, from a bad rock space five by eight feet.

Many old prospectors have started over the wide trail to the new diggings, which are twenty miles from the Alaskan boundary.

The belief prevails here that another Klondike has been discovered, and Dawson has been discovered yesterday and to-day. Fancy prices were paid for dogs and outfits by stampedees to Matson's discovery. Two hundred "sourdoughs" hit the trail yesterday.

Matson describes the auriferous gravel as similar to that of the famous Bonanza Creek. His new creek is twenty miles long, with several tributaries, each four to eight miles in length. The bottom of the valley is 250 feet wide with a well timbered slope. The ground is nearly all contained in the first two feet of the gravel, which is twenty feet deep. These conditions are similar to those obtaining on the Klondike tributaries fifteen years ago this winter, preceding the Klondike rush.

SHUSTER MAY BE DISMISSED

Cabinet Victory Forebodes Acceptance of Russian Demand.

Teheran, December 20.—The Cabinet has won an important victory over the National Council, which forebodes the acceptance of Russia's demand for the dismissal of W. Morgan Shuster, the American treasurer-general of Persia, unless public opinion proves too strong.

The National Council in a session which lasted from 8 o'clock last night until after midnight finally accepted the proposal to appoint a commission of five deputies with plenary powers to deal with the Russian ultimatum.

Sixty members were present, and the proposal was submitted by Vostokh-Dowle, the Foreign Minister, and was adopted by a vote of 39 to 19, two members abstaining.

The composition of the commission has not yet been announced. Vostokh-Dowle's proposal was hotly opposed by the Democrats, who declared that such a commission was in violation of the Constitution.

It is stated that the regent, Nasir-El-Mulk, earlier in the day summoned Shuster and threatened to resign unless the Cabinet's proposal was accepted.

The dismissal of Treasurer-General Shuster has been demanded by Russia in her ultimatum dealing with the Persian difficulty. For some days the National Council has refused to accept the Russian proposal to appoint a commission to meet the Russian demands. The Foreign Minister represented to the Council on December 15 that the plight of Persia was desperate, and Russia had refused to abate her demands, but the deputies, in spite of his appeals, insisted that the retention of Mr. Shuster was Persia's only hope.

Masonic Elect Officers.
Lynchburg, Va., December 20.—Hill City Lodge, No. 182, A. F. and A. M., last night elected officers for next year, as follows: Master, J. P. Harvey; Senior Warden, C. L. DeMott; Junior Warden, H. M. Monk; Treasurer, T. N. Davis; Secretary, D. T. Walker; Senior Deacon, C. E. Starke; Junior Deacon, H. R. Brown; Chaplains, Rev. H. L. Cathey and Rev. J. M. Franklin; Tiler, A. S. Boatwright.

COLIC CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROKE QUININE, the world wide Cold and Grip Remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE 22.

**HOOK LIKELY TO
SUCCEED HARLAN**

Kansas Jurist Favored by Taft
for Supreme Court
Vacancy.

Washington, December 19.—Information from trustworthy sources to-day is to the effect that President Taft has practically determined to appoint Judge William C. Hook, of Kansas, now on the Eighth United States Circuit, to the vacancy on the Supreme Court caused by the death of Associate Justice John M. Harlan. The matter is not yet definitely decided, however, and there is still some chance that the appointment may go to Charles Nagel, Secretary of Commerce and Labor. It is understood that Attorney-General Wickersham has vigorously insisted on the candidacy of Secretary Nagel, and is making a great effort to effect his colleague's promotion.

President Taft has a fondness for Judge Hook. Moreover, the President has made a personal study of the more important opinions rendered by Judge Hook, and is in accord with them. The President was much pleased with the opinion written by the Kansas jurist in the Standard Oil case, and liked even better Judge Hook's dissenting opinion in the Harriman merger case. It will be recalled that the Harriman suit was decided by the Circuit Court adversely to the government, but by a divided bench. In the Standard Oil case the four circuit judges were unanimous.

In the merger suit Judges Sanborn and Adams decided against the government, and Justice Vandevanter, now of the Supreme Court, then a member of the Eighth Circuit bench, concurred with Judge Hook's dissent. It is understood that it was largely because of that dissent that the administration decided to appoint the case to the Supreme Court. When the case came on for argument on February 19 it is expected that the government will again follow Judge Hook's dissenting opinion.

Once before Judge Hook was very near appointment to the Supreme bench, but the appointment went to Justice Vandevanter. There had been a strong recommendation of Judge Hook by the regular Republican members of the Kansas delegation to Congress, and insistent opposition did not count much at the White House. The matter went so far that telegrams were sent to Kansas, at the instance of the White House, for certain material to be used in connection with the announcement of the appointment of Judge Hook. But before the announcement Senators Warren and Clark, both of Wyoming, intervened and influenced Mr. Taft on behalf of Judge Vandevanter, who is a Wyoming man. Senator Clark, chairman of the Senate Committee on Judiciary, and that fact alone would save his recommendation material weight on a question of a judicial appointment. Senator Warren is chairman of the Appropriations Committee, and has long been a power with Republican administrations.

Besides this influence there was a single other point on which the President was not quite satisfied about appointing Judge Hook, and his selection of Judge Vandevanter. That was the fact that Judge Hook had been exerted with increased activity, and there is the added factor of his dissenting opinion in the Harriman merger case. Moreover, some headway has been made in overcoming the standing objection on which the President was unsatisfied. That was age. Not only are the Kansas Regulars, like Senator Curtis and Representatives Anthony and Campbell, standing firmly behind their candidate, but there is a wide and influential recommendation of Judge Hook by distinguished lawyers of the Eighth Circuit and from prominent men in other professions. Altogether a hard effort has been made to convince the President that Judge Hook is the man for the position, and the President has been a willing listener to the arguments.

Opposed to these advocates is the unquestionably strong influence of Attorney-General Wickersham with the administration. Mr. Wickersham, in Secretary Nagel, has endorsed a candidate who is very popular and who has a high reputation for possessing the qualities that make for success on the Supreme bench.

He has had a wide experience at the bar. In training and reputation Secretary Nagel is recognized as an eminence in the law. He has been a member of the Second Circuit, and has been a member of the Supreme Court. There is only one point against him, and that is his age. The President has made known several times his determination not to appoint any man to the Supreme Court who is more than sixty years of age, and Mr. Nagel is sixty-two.

Judge Hook was born in Pennsylvania in September, 1847, and is now fifty-four years of age. He was educated at Leavenworth, Kan., where he has had his home since his boyhood, and graduated from the St. Louis Law School in 1873, six years after Secretary Nagel had graduated from the same school. He was appointed district judge for the Kansas district in 1899, and four years later was promoted to the circuit bench.

Secretary Nagel was born in Texas on August 13, 1849, was educated at St. Louis and abroad, taking courses in Roman law and political economy at the University of Berlin. He practiced his profession at St. Louis, and from 1885, until he entered President Taft's Cabinet in 1909, was a lecturer at the St. Louis Law School. He took an active part in the campaign for the election of President Taft.

Creditors of Harry Thaw to Get Final Account of Trustee in Bankruptcy.
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 20.—Roger O'Mara, trustee in bankruptcy for Harry Thaw, who was confined in Matamoras prison, brought in this morning one step nearer the end to-day when he filed his final account in the case of Referee in Bankruptcy W. R. Blair.

A meeting of the creditors will be held December 27, and the account may be approved at that time, thus ending the long drawn out litigation. Thaw has already been discharged from liability in the proceedings, the order having been made December 23, 1910. The account filed by O'Mara shows a balance of \$59,983 for distribution. This amount was derived from the sale of real estate and securities, including a one-third interest in a lot in the Allegheny Cemetery in Pittsburgh, which was purchased by Alice Corbett Thaw for \$60. Disbursements show a balance of \$13,087, already paid.

HOLIDAY TRIP TO PANAMA
Wickersham, French Ambassador and Netherlands Minister in Party.

Washington, December 20.—Attorney-General Wickersham and Ambassador Jusserand, accompanied by their wives, left Washington to-night on a trip to Panama and Cuba. The party will be joined at New Orleans

"I've never bought shirts that pleased me so well"

And as to price—just ask your dealer to show you the new

HALLMARK SHIRTS

You'll find all your old notions on shirt values and shirt prices will fade away. But these shirts are guaranteed not to fade.

SLIDEWELL COLLARS

They have a little shield over the back button-hole that lets the tie slide freely. This tie-and-time-and-temper-saving collar makes all other collars obsolete.

Styles—all the best. 15c.—2 for 25c.

HALL, HARTWELL & CO. Troy, New York

Friday by the Netherlands minister and Madame Louden, who left yesterday. The trip is a holiday outing for the Attorney-General and the diplomat, and is said to be entirely disconnected from government affairs.

After traversing the entire length of the canal, which Mr. Wickersham and the foreign representative are anxious to see in its present advanced stage of completion and before the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific are joined by the Panama Canal, the party will go to Cuba. They will return to the United States via Key West about January 10.

LEADING VETERAN GOES TO REWARD
Former Prominent Business Man, Confederate Soldier and Sailor, Is Dead.

In the death of Maxwell T. Clarke, who died yesterday morning at 8:45 at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Gordon Wallace, on the Cary Street Road, one of the leading citizens of Richmond, who died yesterday morning. He was eighty-one years of age.

The funeral services will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Second Presbyterian Church. Survivors of the old Virginia Company of the First and Twenty-first Virginia Regiments, will assemble at the church at 2:45 to pay the last tribute to their old comrade. The funeral will be held at 2:30, in uniform, to act as honorary pall-bearers. It will be composed as follows: Edgar B. Taylor, W. S. Archer, J. Taylor, Ellison, W. B. Freeman, Charles J. Anderson, J. H. Eubank, J. E. Poindexter and John Taylor.

Clarke had been a member of Gloucester county, moving to Richmond in early life. For many years he was engaged in the tobacco business, his firm being Scott & Clarke.

First a member of Company F, he later did service in the navy of the Confederate States. For many years he had been a member of the Second Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Clarke died about a year ago.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Gordon Wallace and Mrs. Samuel Gordon Wallace, both of this city, and by one brother, Dr. Powhatan Clarke, of Baltimore.

OBITUARY
J. S. Grogan.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Winston-Salem, N. C., December 20.—J. S. Grogan, for twenty-two years a prominent lawyer of this city, died to-night at the age of forty-nine years, after two days' illness with paralysis.

He is survived by his wife and four daughters. He will be buried Friday, with honors by the Winston-Salem Bar Association.

Robert D. Barlow.
Robert D. Barlow died yesterday at 1:12 o'clock at the residence of his son, Andrew Barlow, 1817 Carrington Street, in his sixty-ninth year. He had been a member of the Second Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Barlow died about a year ago.

The funeral will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and interment will be at Shiloh Methodist Church, Caroline county.

C. M. Stone.
Cornelius Milton Stone, a contractor and builder of this city, died this morning just after midnight, at his home, 1021 West Main Street, aged sixty-three years. He was unmarried.

Mrs. Mary J. D. Pretlow.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Franklin, Va., December 20.—Mrs. Mary J. D. Pretlow, widow of Hon. J. Donson Pretlow, died yesterday at her home in Franklin, Va., at the age of about seventy-seven years. She was a native of North Carolina, and had lived in Franklin for a long time. She survived all the members of her immediate family and that of her late husband, but leaves a large number of relatives and friends. Her husband, who was a prominent lawyer, was a member of the Virginia Bar Association, and was a member of the Virginia State Bar Association.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Gordon Wallace and Mrs. Samuel Gordon Wallace, both of this city, and by one brother, Dr. Powhatan Clarke, of Baltimore.

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GENERAL REVISION OF DUTIES ON WOOL

Suggested in Tariff Board's Report on Schedule K—No Recommendations Made But Desirable Changes Are Hinted Out

Washington, December 20.—The Tariff Board's report on schedule K, sent to Congress to-day by President Taft, suggests a general revision of the duties on wool and woolens, and many individual reductions in the rates. The board makes no recommendations, but points out what changes are desirable. In nearly all classes of the schedule the board's experts report that the majority of the rates of duty are prohibitive, and condemn the systems of levying them.

The report points the way to two great changes in the present system of levying duties upon raw wool and finished cloth. It would assess duty on scoured wool—not wool and grease combined—and suggests a graduated scale of ad valorem rate on cloth.

The report is divided into sections, viz.: Raw wool, yarn and cloth. They are taken up in the order in which they come in production and manufacture.

Present System Is Bad.
On raw wool the board finds the

**STOCK
MICHELIN
TIRES**

Look for this Sign on Leading Garages

You cannot know what a good tire is until you try a Michelin properly inflated

IN STOCK BY
Foster Motor Car Co., Inc.,
605-613 West Broad Street.

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MICHELIN
TIRES**

Look for this Sign on Leading Garages

You cannot know what a good tire is until you try a Michelin properly inflated

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TIRES**

Look for this Sign on Leading Garages

You cannot know what a good tire is until you try a Michelin properly inflated

IN STOCK BY
Foster Motor Car Co., Inc.,
605-613 West Broad Street.

his death has not been determined, although it is thought it was due to heart failure. Mr. Correll was a native of Vinton, a graduate of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute. He served in Company F, Fourth Virginia Regiment during the Spanish-American War.

Mrs. Sarah Jane Watson.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Lynchburg, Va., December 20.—Mrs. Sarah Jane Watson, widow of W. D. Watson, died Monday at her home on Dinwiddie Street. She was eighty-one years of age. Her body was taken to Bedford City for burial.

William F. Patton.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Durham, N. C., December 20.—William F. Patton, son-in-law of General and Mrs. Julian S. Carr, and the husband of Miss Lillian Ruth, their young daughter, died to-day at 1 o'clock in the University Hospital and Methodist Hospital. The funeral and burial will take place on Friday in Curwensville, Pa., the old home of Mr. Patton.

Heathly, Va., December 20.
Romey Neale died yesterday of tuberculosis at the home of his father, Columbus Neale, near Heathlyville, aged about twenty years. Interment will be at Coan Baptist Church, and the funeral services will be conducted by Rev. A. J. Raimey.

DEATHS
CLARKE—Entered into rest, Wednesday, December 20, at 8:45, at the home of his son-in-law, Gordon Wallace, CAPTAIN MAXWELL T. CLARKE, in the eighty-second year of his age. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Gordon Wallace and Mrs. Samuel Gordon Wallace, of this city, and one brother, Dr. Powhatan Clarke, of Baltimore.

The funeral will be held THURSDAY at 3 P. M. from the Second Presbyterian Church. Please omit flowers.

The members of F Company of the First and Twenty-first Virginia Regiment are requested to assemble at the church at 2:45 P. M.

BARLOW—Died, Wednesday, December 20, 1911, at 1:12 o'clock, at the residence of his son, Mr. Andrew Barlow, 1817 Carrington Street, in his sixty-ninth year. He had been a member of the Second Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Barlow died about a year ago.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Gordon Wallace and Mrs. Samuel Gordon Wallace, both of this city, and by one brother, Dr. Powhatan Clarke, of Baltimore.

STONE—Died, this (Thursday) morning at 12:30 o'clock, at his residence, 1021 West Main Street, CORNELIUS MILTON STONE, in the sixty-third year of his age.
Funeral notice later.

IN MEMORIAM
HERNDON—In remembrance of my husband, SAMUEL H. HERNDON, who died two years ago yesterday. "Gone, but not forgotten."
BY HIS WIFE.

REDUCED FARES ON N. & W. R. Y. ACCOUNT CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
Tickets at greatly reduced rates sold to all stations on entire system Norfolk and Western Railway; also to St. Louis and to points in Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. For further information apply to C. A. Overton, Jr., City Passenger Agent, Ninth and Main Street, or to E. L. Trant, Ticket Agent, Byrd Street Station, or C. H. JOSLEY, District Passenger Agent.

Tutt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to effectually cure

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness

And ALL DISEASES arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion

The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small; elegantly sugar coated and easy to swallow. Take No Substitute.

Advertising Specialists

We plan, write and illustrate effective advertising. Every department in charge of an advertising campaign. Confer with us. Avoid costly mistakes. Costs you nothing.

FREEMAN ADVERTISING AGENCY, INC.,
Mutual Building,
Richmond, Va., December 20.—J. L. Correll, thirty-two years old, chemist for the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Co., at Radford, collapsed here to-day in the street, and was taken to the police station, where he died a few minutes later. Mr. Correll had been a